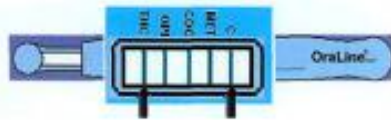


All positive results are presumptive and should be confirmed by an alternative method. (GC or LC/MS)

1

Test Validity Verification



The first step is to verify that five green lines are present in the test window - the control line (C) and a green line for each of the four drugs.

The green lines ensure that the **test has not been exposed to a saliva sample or moisture.**

They also mark the place **where the reactions will take place** when the sample is applied.

If the green lines are not present, the test should be discarded and a new test with visible green lines should be used.

2

Collecting Sample

Donor deposits oral fluid (not **sputum**) into the supplied plastic cup.

Give subject a glass of water 5 mins before test if possible.

This is especially useful in cases where the temperature is high or where the subject may be dehydrated — It will help the saliva to be a little less viscous and flow/run more easily in the spoon.

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3

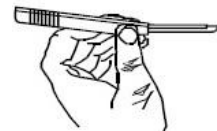
Filling the Pipette

Collect Pipette sample from the bottom of the cup

4

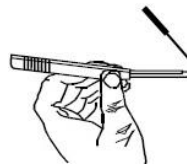
Preparation for adding sample

Keep the spoon end horizontal & level



5

Filling the Spoon



Deposit 0.5 of the subjects saliva into the spoon field to the brim taking care not to deliver bubbles into the spoon as this will impede saliva flow and the test may not activate.

NB. We have found that if you then tap the spoon lightly on the flat surface keeping its parallel to that surface it helps to release any bubbles that may have trapped in the spoon which

may interfere with the timing or completely stop the saliva from flowing through to the reagent strip.



You may keep tapping it until the reagent strip starts to get wet and change color – this approach speeds up the test and it should reach the reagent strip in 1 - 3 minutes depending on the viscosity of the saliva, if it doesn't add a little more saliva.



Rest on a flat surface while testing

6

Timing

Once the saliva sample comes into contact with the test strip (see red oval above), you will observe a pink flow moving across the test window- **start your timing now:** 10-12 minutes maximum. If all the lines are present after only a few minutes, you do not have to wait the full 12 minutes.



However due to the varying nature of saliva, if the sample appears very sticky and viscous, you may need to make a judgment call on timing and increase it by 1 or 2 minutes depending on how fast it flows up the reagent **strip**

Timing is not that critical and you have a couple of minutes latitude

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OraLine®

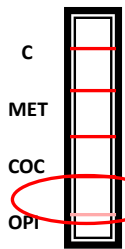
Saliva Drug Screen

7 Duration



Read results at 4 minutes
(in the absence of any lines – wait 10 – 12 minutes)

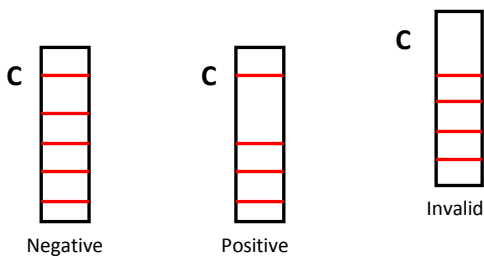
Please note that the negative test lines may vary in color intensity. However, the intensity of the color is not related to the presence of a drug.



You should keep in mind that the OraLine® test is a qualitative screening device, which means that the test only indicates the presence or absence of a specific drug class in the saliva sample. It is not meant to determine the amount of the drug present.

OraLine® provides preliminary analytical test results.

8 Reading Results



Troubleshooting

Problem: if after 2 – 3 minutes of tapping this burn on the surface you find that the saliva has not reached the reagent strip, it may be because the saliva is too viscous [thick] or there was insufficient sample.

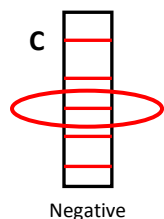
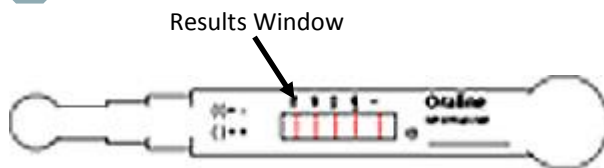
Remedy: try adding another couple of drops to the spoon and keep capping until it reaches the reagent strip

Please be aware that milk products and certain foods will make the saliva more viscous and difficult to deal with.

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9 Interpretation



Check that the control line is present, if no line is present (this is the top line marked 'C'), then it is considered an invalid test. In this case you must re-do the test.



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